## Lessons from the Mirrlees Review - remarks

Benedek Nobilis

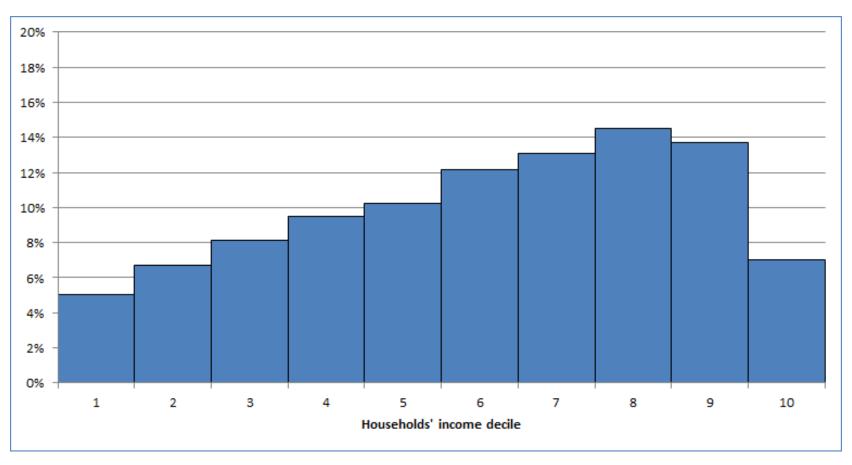
### Relevant issues

- Mirrlees Review Tax by Design
  - Very coherent, detailed programme
  - Based on empirical findings
  - But for a different environment
- Lessons from the Mirrlees Review
  - Identifies the most important differences
  - Informal economy
    - nothing is more distortive than tax evasion
  - "Missing middle" dual economy
  - Different elasticity of tax base even in case of capital
    - traded vs. non-traded sector, tax evasion at smaller firms

### Principles of the review

- See the system as a whole
  - Very important
  - Dilemmas may materialize in conflicts between taxes (e.g. progressive PIT vs. regressive SSC)
  - Organizational questions may play a role
- Neutrality
  - May conflict with differentiation by elasticity
    - an important dilemma in practice
    - played an increased role during the crisis
- Progressivity
  - Even income taxes may target poorly...

# Recipients of employment tax credit by households' equivalent income



### Flat tax

#### Empirical findings

 elasticity on the intensive margin – top PIT rate around (or even above) the revenue-maximizing rate?



- many low-income individuals living in middle-income or rich households
- underreporting of earnings (50% of minimum wage earners) or even more)



 groups with high extensive elasticity identified (unskilled, young, old workers, mothers of childbearing age)

#### Policy answer

- flat PIT and SSC
- general employment tax credit abolished
- broad targeted incentives for high-elasticity groups (tagging)

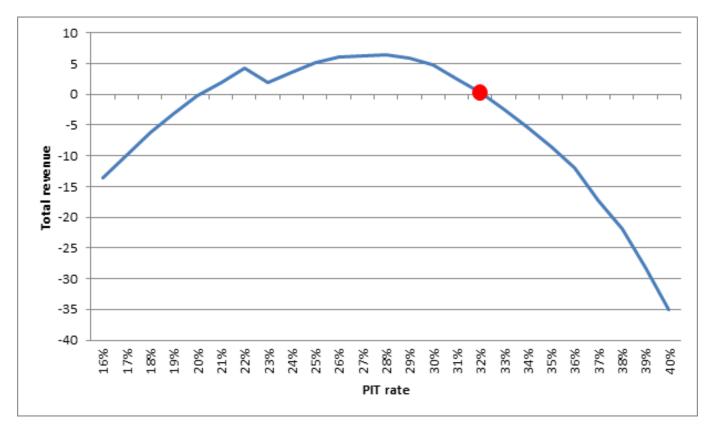


### ACE or cash-flow tax?

- We prefer the cash-flow approach
  - simplicity
  - no disincentives for risk-taking
- Small business tax (KIVA)
  - cash-flow base
  - employers' profit and payroll tax rate equalized
  - eligible, preferential for the majority
- Experiences
  - learning costs hinder the transition
  - hard to explain and compare with the existing system

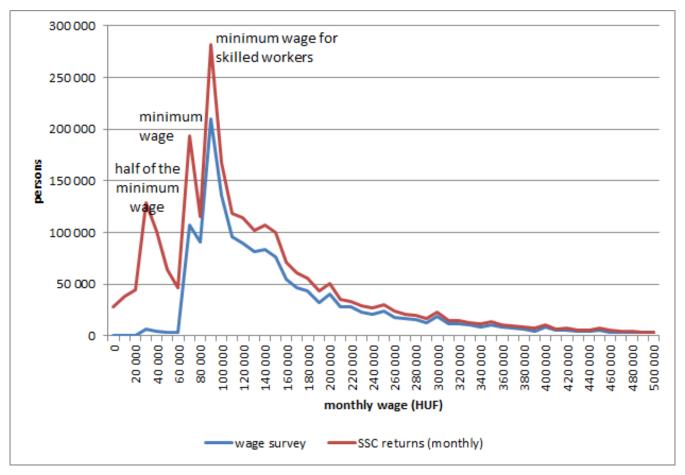
## Thank you!

## Long-term Laffer curve for the top PIT rate





# Wage distribution, wage survey vs. monthly SSC returns (2010)





# Recipients of tax allowances by households' equivalent income

